

The decade of March 2023

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“There are decades when nothing happens; and there are weeks when decades happen.” Vladimir (Ilyich Ulyanov) Lenin

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- In what has felt like a decade, we thought it would be instructive to take stock and see the lay of the land post the incredible bank failures in the US and the hastily arranged marriage between UBS and Credit Suisse. Suffice to say, it is unlikely that former Credit Suisse AT1 noteholders will be sending anniversary cards in coming years.
- We have covered the specifics of each of these idiosyncratic events in prior notes ([One week later – Now What?](#) and [Lessons from the Credit Suisse events](#)), whereas this note will focus on the here and now across asset classes – the period in which the dust has settled. Or has it?
- In this note, we discuss the reaction of various segments of the markets to what has transpired, and outline why we feel that now is a time to be alert, but not panicked. We continue to advocate an up-in-quality bias and are increasingly interested in longer-dated, fixed rate non-financial investment grade corporate bonds for their potential to add value to a diversified investment portfolio if things were to worsen.

Temperature Check

- To get a feel for the current settings in financial markets, we first review a few traditional stress markers. There are a couple of go-to indicators for stress within financial markets. The first is called the **FRA/OIS spread** – effectively the difference between short-term unsecured lending rates between banks and the short-term risk-free rate (i.e. a reflection of how markets price the banking sector risk). When this spreads gaps out, short-term funding becomes more expensive for banks and this tends to get passed on to broader funding markets (including the credit market).

Figure 1: USD FRA-OIS (3 month) spread



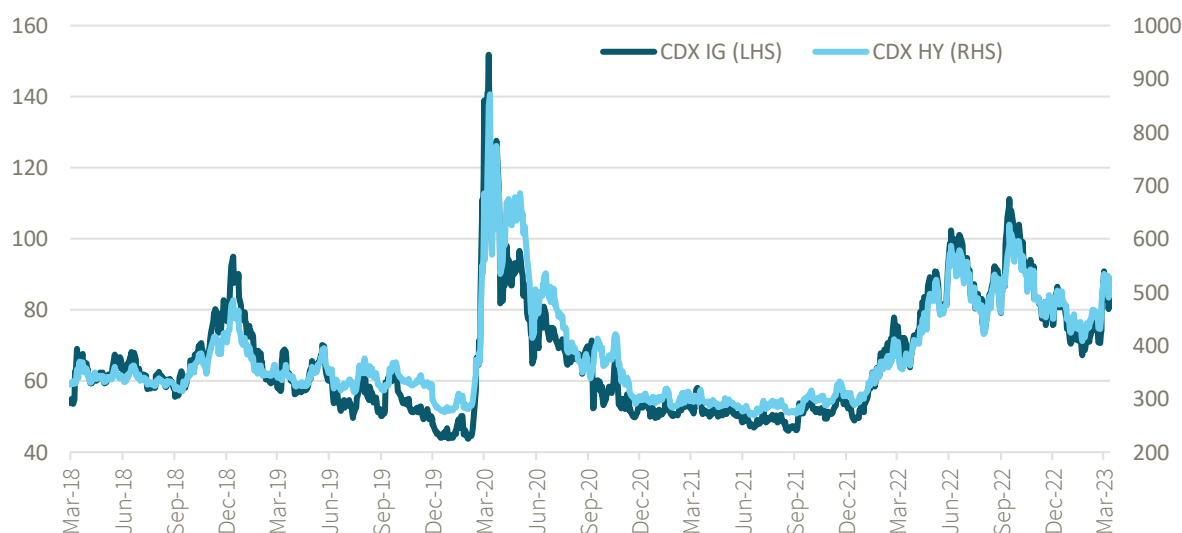
Source: FIIG Securities, Bloomberg

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- While the spread has definitely widened, it did not exceed the peak of the initial COVID scare in 2020, and has tightened around 20bps since the initial spike to sit around 40bps currently – relative to the headlines, this seems a remarkably good result and most likely speaks to the timely containment measures announced by policymakers on both sides of the Atlantic.
- A similar picture emerges for *liquid US credit default swap indices*, indicating some element of concern, but no panic, with spreads on both the Investment Grade and High Yield indices well below levels reached in 2022:

Figure 2: US Credit Default Swap Spreads



Source: FIIG Securities, Bloomberg

- The centre of attention in the last week was understandably *the Additional Tier-1* space in financials. While we saw some knee-jerk reactions to the initial headlines (and no real differentiation between banks, countries or instrument types), the actual traded prices of Australian and other non-Swiss AT1 paper has recovered by at least 40% to 50% from the intra-week lows, and we were glad to see clients take advantage of some great opportunities in this space. Australian investment grade credit spreads were much better behaved, with spreads only widening 25bps since the beginning of March.
- When there are heightened concerns in the market, the *cost of borrowing US dollars* (and the USD itself) usually jumps. However, given the initial source of the current angst emanated from some poorly managed US banks, the broad US dollar index has weakened more than 2% since the beginning of March. This could also be due to the extension of US dollar swap funding lines by major global central banks and the announcement of the Bank Term Funding Program, which has increased the size of the Fed's balance sheet once again (both factors leading to increased liquidity provision in the global financial system and taking pressure of US dollar funding).
- One part of the market that has reacted more sharply is the *government bond market*. US bond yields have aggressively priced out future Fed hikes, with implied pricing of the Fed Funds rate as at December 2023 falling from 5.5% to less than 4% (remembering after this week's hike from the Fed, the current upper bound is 5.0%):

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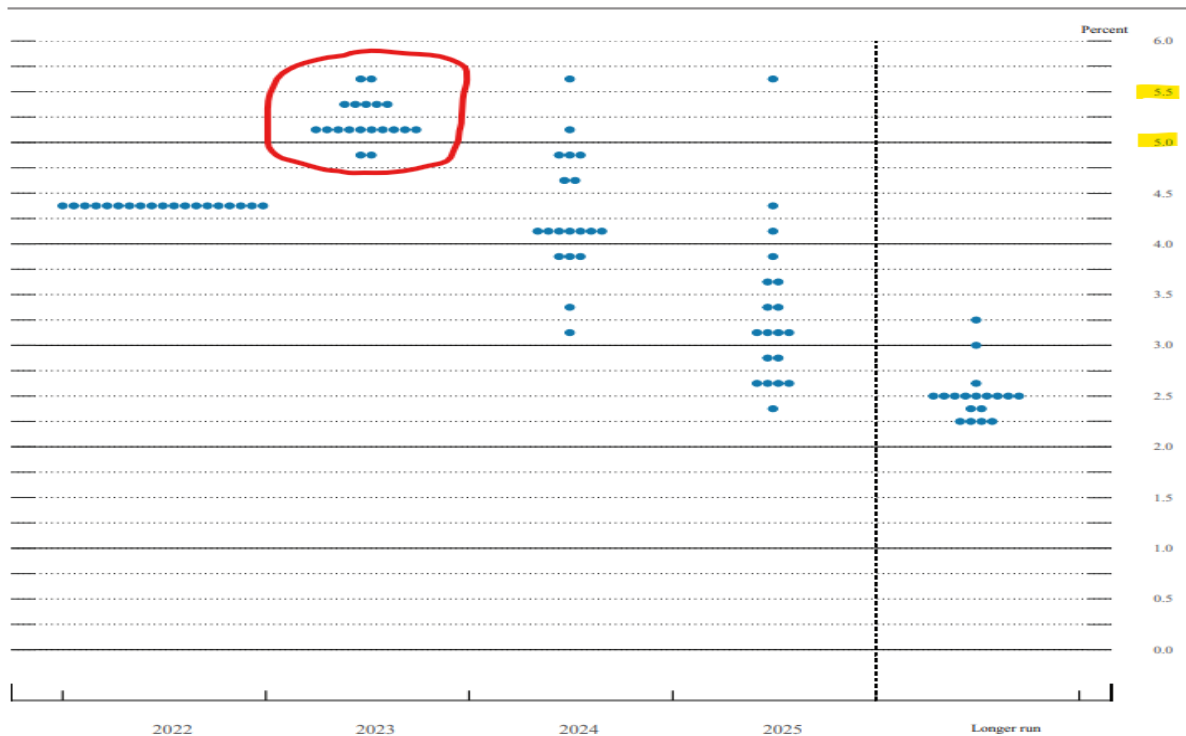
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Figure 3: Implied Fed Funds Rate for December 2023 meeting



Source: FIIG Securities, Bloomberg

- That is not an insignificant retracement in a matter of weeks, and speaks to the market’s view that the Fed is a lot closer to peak rates than they are currently letting on in official communications – see the Dot Plots below for the Fed’s view of where rates will be in December 2023 (although interestingly most Fed members see a number of cuts by the end of 2024):



Source: Federal Reserve Monetary Policy Report, March 2023

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- **Gold** (and Bitcoin, for that matter) caught a bid, briefly surpassing USD2000/oz and climbing by around 9% since the beginning of March, while **WTI** oil contracts have fallen by 3% month to date. Hardly panic stations, then.
- Last, but not least, are the **equity markets**. The S&P 500, whilst down around 6% from its recent peak in early February, is broadly flat during March. Simply looking at the index, you wouldn't know anything had been going on! The banking sectors in Europe and the US have understandably fared much worse, down 15 to 20% respectively, while the Australian bank index is down just 7%, outperforming handsomely.

Where does this leave us?

- In the case of the Fed vs. the bond market, history sides with the bond market and we see the potential for a further tightening in broader credit provision on account of higher base rates and consistently downward-pointing growth indicators. We also think the Fed is much more acutely aware of the problem that significantly higher money market rates (compared to deposit rates) can create, and despite what they (and the ECB) communicated at the March meeting, will be reticent to add to financial stability concerns in the form of further aggressive hiking from this point forward.
- The sharp rally in base rates, which leads to tighter financial conditions for most consumers and corporates, is yet to be fully felt, as many were able to term out their debt maturities in recent years. The full brunt of higher refinancing costs is **in front** of us, and we cannot say with certainty that Silicon Valley Bank, Signature Bank of New York and Credit Suisse are going to be the last casualties of this significant regime change.
- Case in point – as I type this, First Republic Bank remains in the headlines for all the wrong reasons, while Treasury Secretary Janet Yellen has been talking about the potential for a broadening of the depositor bail-out that was applied in the cases of Silicon Valley Bank and Signature Bank of New York.
- One of the ironies of the current dynamic is that deposits are flowing into major banks at a rapid clip, leaving them in an even stronger liquidity position than before this mini-crisis. We are nearly at the point of needing to create a new acronym for major US banks such as JP Morgan and Bank of America – WTBTf ('Waaaaaaay too big to fail').
- Generally, we retain an up-in-quality bias, selectively recycling into higher-rated bonds and for the first time in a while, are advocating for an increase in longer-dated, fixed rate investment grade corporate bonds as part of a diversified bond portfolio. If risk-off persists, for whatever reason, duration still offers the capacity to protect capital as yields remain elevated relative to the last 10 years.
- Alert, but not panicked, feels about right at this point.

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